

QUESTION

Calculate the delta values for the following two exact solutions of the Black-Scholes equation:

(a) $V(S, t) = AS$

(b) $V(S, t) = A \exp(rt)$

Comment on the associated trading strategies.

ANSWER

(a) $V(S, t) = AS$, $A = \text{const.}$ (Asset only portfolio)

This solves Black-Scholes since:

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial V}{\partial S} = A, \quad \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial S^2} = 0$$

Therefore in Black-Scholes: $\frac{\partial V}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 S^2 \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial S^2} + rS \frac{\partial v}{\partial S} - rV = 0$

$$\text{LHS} = 0 + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 S^2 \times 0 + rSA - rAS = 0 = \text{RHS}$$

$\Delta = \frac{\partial V}{\partial S} = A \equiv$ amount of underlying asset at each point in time in portfolio: obvious from value V .

(b) $V(S, t) = Ae^{rt}$, $A = \text{const.}$ (Risk free solution).

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial t} = A r e^{rt}, \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial S} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial S^2} = 0$$

Therefore in Black-scholes

$$\text{LHS} = A r e^{rt} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 S^2 \times 0 + rS0 - rAe^{rt} = 0 = \text{RHS}$$

$\Delta = \frac{\partial V}{\partial S} = 0 \rightarrow$ as risk free solution, no risky assets held.