## Question

A rocket has an initial mass of $7 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~kg}$ and on firing burns its fuel at a rate $250 \mathrm{kgs}^{-1}$. The exhaust velocity is $2.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. If the rocket has a vertical ascent from resting on the earth, how long after the rocket engines fire will the rocket take off. What is wrong with the design of this rocket?

## Answer

The rocket will lift off when the thrust just exceeds its weight.
Thrust $=u \alpha$
Weight $=m g=\left(m_{0}-\alpha t\right) g$
Therefore $u \alpha=\left(m_{0}-\alpha t\right) g \Rightarrow t=\frac{m_{0}}{\alpha}-\frac{u}{g}$
Thus using the data in the question it will lift off at 25 seconds after ignition. The design problem is that there is too much fuel on board.

