

**Applications of Partial Differentiation**  
***Extremes***

**Question**

Find the minimum and maximum values of

$$f(x, y) = xye^{-x^2-y^2}.$$

**Answer**

$$\begin{aligned} f(x, y) &= xye^{-x^2-y^2} \\ f_1(x, y) &= y(1 - 2x^2)e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \\ f_2(x, y) &= x(1 - 4y^4)e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \end{aligned}$$

For critical points  $y(1 - 2x^2) = 0$  and  $x(1 - 4y^4) = 0$ . The critical points are:

$$(0, 0), \quad \left(\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \quad \left(\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right).$$

We have

$$\begin{aligned} f(0, 0) &= 0 \\ f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) &= f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-3/4} > 0 \\ f\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) &= f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}e^{-3/4} < 0 \end{aligned}$$

Since  $f(x, y) \rightarrow \infty$  as  $x^2 + y^2 \rightarrow \infty$ , the maximum and minimum of  $f$  are

$$\frac{1}{2}e^{-3/4} \quad \text{and} \quad -\frac{1}{2}e^{-3/4}$$

respectively.