$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Applications of Partial Differentiation} \\ \textbf{\textit{Extremes}} \end{array}$

Question

Show that there exists a local maximum point of the function

$$f(x, y, z) = 4xyz - x^4 - y^4 - z^4$$

at (1, 1, 1).

Answer

$$D = f(1+h, 1+k, 1+m) - f(1, 1, 1)$$

$$= 4(1+h)(1+k)(1+m) - (1+h)^4 - (1+k)^4 - (1+m)^4 - 1$$

$$= 4(1+h+k+m+hk+hm+km+hkm)$$

$$-(1+4h+6h^2+4h^3+h^4)$$

$$-(1+4k+6k^2+4k^3+k^4)$$

$$-*1+4m+6m^2+4m^3+m^4) - 1$$

$$= 4(hk+hm+km) - 6(h^2+k^2+m^2) + \cdots$$

where \cdots stands for terms of degree 3 and 4 in the variables h, k and m. Completing some squares with the quadratic terms leads us to

$$D = -2[(h-k)^{2} + (k-m)^{2} + (h-m)^{2} + h^{2} + k^{2} + m^{2}] + \cdots$$

which is negative if |h|, |k| and |m| are small and not all 0. (This is due to the fact that the terms of degree 3 and 4 are smaller in size than the quadratic terms when the variables are small.)

Hence f has a local maximum value at (1, 1, 1).