

Question

Evaluate the following double integral (you should first sketch the region of integration):

$$\int_{x=0}^{x=1} \int_{y=x}^{y=\sqrt{x}} x^2 y \, dy \, dx.$$

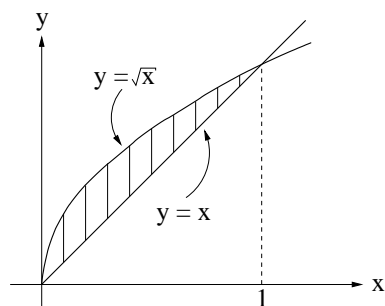
Reverse the order of integration and show that this gives the same answer.

Answer

The region of integration is defined as follows:

$$\text{first keep } x \text{ constant and vary } y : x \leq y \leq \sqrt{x}$$

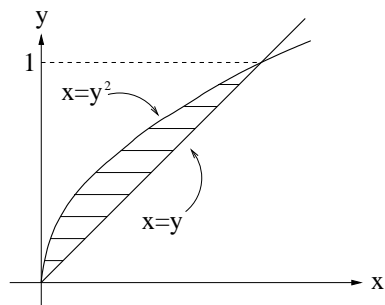
$$\text{then vary } x : 0 \leq x \leq 1$$



(Note : $y = \sqrt{x}$ is one branch of the parabola $x = y^2$)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{x=0}^{x=1} \left\{ \int_{y=x}^{y=\sqrt{x}} x^2 y \, dy \right\} dx &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x^2 y^2}{2} \right]_{y=x}^{y=\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{x^4}{2} dx \\ &= \left[\frac{x^4}{8} - \frac{x^5}{10} \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{10} \\ &= \frac{1}{40} \end{aligned}$$

To reverse the order of integration, take horizontal lines (y fixed):



first vary $x : y^2 \leq x \leq y$
then vary $y : 0 \leq y \leq 1$

Integral becomes:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{y=0}^{y=1} \left\{ \int_{x=y^2}^{x=y} x^2 y \, dx \right\} dy &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x^3 y}{3} \right]_{x=y^2}^{x=y} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{y^4}{3} - \frac{y^7}{3} dy \\ &= \left[\frac{y^5}{15} - \frac{y^8}{24} \right]_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{15} - \frac{1}{24} \\ &= \frac{3}{120} \\ &= \frac{1}{40}\end{aligned}$$