

Question

Four points in space have coordinates

$$A(1, 1, 0) \quad B(3, 0, 1) \quad C(1, 0, 2) \quad D(1, 1, 3)$$

Find the equations of two parallel planes, of which one contains A and B and the other contains C and D . Deduce the shortest distance between the lines AB , CD .

Answer

Parallel planes have the same normal vectors.

Let $\mathbf{a}$ be such a normal vector.

Then $\mathbf{a} \cdot \vec{AB} = 0$ and $\mathbf{a} \cdot \vec{CD} = 0$

So $\mathbf{a} \cdot (2, -1, 1) = 0$ and $\mathbf{a} \cdot (0, 1, 1) = 0$

$\Rightarrow 2a - b + c = 0$ and $b + c = 0$

Choose $c = -1$ $b = 1$ $a = 1$

So $\mathbf{a} = (1, 1, -1)$ is a normal vector.

The equation of the plane through

$$AB : x + y - z = 2$$

$$CD : x + y - z = -1$$

So the distance between the planes is $\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}$