

Question

- (a) For $\mathbf{c} = 5\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{d} = 3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}$ find $\mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{d}$ when
- (i) $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are unit vectors at an angle $\frac{\pi}{4}$
 - (ii) $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are perpendicular with $|\mathbf{b}| = 2|\mathbf{a}| = 2$.
- (b) Evaluate $|\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{d}|$ when $\mathbf{c} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{d} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

Answer

- (a) $\mathbf{c} = 5\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{d} = 3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}$
- $$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{d} &= (5\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}) \times (3\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}) \\ &= 15\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{a} + 10\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} - 3\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{b} \\ &= 13\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} \end{aligned}$$
- (i) $13\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = 13|a||b| \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \hat{n} = \frac{13}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{n}$
- (ii) $13\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = 13|a||b| \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \hat{n} = 26\hat{n}$
- (b) $|\mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{d}| = (1, 7, -5) \quad |\mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{d}| = 5\sqrt{3}$