

### Question

Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$t \frac{dx}{dt} = x + \frac{1}{2} t \sec^2 \frac{x}{2t}$$

### Answer

$$t \frac{dx}{dt} = x + \frac{1}{2} t \sec^2 \frac{x}{2t}$$

Rewrite as  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{x}{t} + \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{x}{2t}$

This is of the form  $\frac{dx}{dt} = f\left(\frac{x}{t}\right)$  So let  $y = \frac{x}{t}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = t \frac{dy}{dt} + y = y + \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{1}{2} y$$

So we can rewrite as

$$t \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{1}{2} y$$

Cross Multiply

$$\frac{dt}{t} = \frac{2}{\sec^2 \frac{1}{2} y} dy = 2 \cos^2 \frac{1}{2} y dy$$

Now  $2 \cos^2 \frac{y}{2} = 1 + \cos y$  so the differential equation becomes

$$\int \frac{dt}{t} = \int (1 + \cos y) dy$$

Integrating

$$\ln |t| = y + \sin y + \text{constant}$$

$$t = A e^{y + \sin y}$$

with  $A$  as a constant.