

Vector Fields
Conservative Fields

Question

For the following vector field, find whether it is conservative. If so, find a corresponding potential

$$\underline{F}(x, y, z) = (2xy - z^2)\underline{i} + (2yz + x^2)\underline{j} - (2zx - y^2)\underline{k}$$

Answer

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow F_1 &= 2xy - z^2 \\ F_2 &= 2yz + x^2 \\ F_3 &= y^2 - 2zx \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial y} &= 2x = \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial z} &= -2z = \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial z} &= 2y = \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial y}\end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow \underline{F}$ can be conservative

If $\underline{F} = \nabla\phi$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x} &= 2xy - z^2 \\ \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y} &= 2yz + x^2 \\ \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial z} &= y^2 - 2zx \\ \Rightarrow \phi(x, y, z) &= \int (2xy - z^2) dx \\ &= x^2y - xz^2 + C_1(y, z) \\ 2yx + x^2 &= \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y} = x^2 + \frac{\partial C_1}{\partial y} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\partial C_1}{\partial y} &= 2yz \\ \Rightarrow C_1(y, z) &= y^2z + C_2(z) \\ \phi(x, y, z) &= x^2y - xz^2 + y^2z + C_2(z) \\ y^2 - 2zx &= \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial z} = -2xz + y^2 + C_2'(z) \\ \Rightarrow C_2'(z) &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

So $\phi(x, y, z) = x^2y - xz^2 + y^2z$ is a scalar potential for \underline{F} , and \underline{F} is conservative on \mathfrak{R}^3 .