## Multiple Integration Iteration of Double Integrals

## Question

Suppose F'(x) = f(x) and G'(x) = g(x) on the interval  $a \le x \le b$ . T is the triangle defined by the vertices (a, a), (b, a) and (b, b). Iterate  $\iint_T f(x)g(x) dA$  in both directions to show that

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)G(x) dx = F(b)G(b) - F(a)G(a)$$
$$- \int_{a}^{b} g(y)F(y) dy$$

## Answer

Answer 
$$F'(x) = f(x) \text{ and } G'(x) = g(x) \text{ on } a \le x \le b$$

$$\Rightarrow \iint_T f(x)g(x) dA = \int_a^b f(x) dx \int_a^x G'(y) dy$$

$$= \int_a^b f(x)(G(x) - G(a)) dx$$

$$= \int_a^b f(x)G(x) dx - G(a)F(b) + G(a)F(a)$$

$$\iint_T f(x)g(x) dA = \int_a^b g(y) dt \int_y^b F'(x) dx$$

$$= \int_a^b g(y)(F(b) - F(y)) dy$$

$$= F(b)G(b) - F(b)G(a) - \int_a^b F(y)g(y) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \int_a^b f(x)G(x) dx = F(b)G(b) - F(a)G(a)$$

$$- \int_a^b g(y)F(y) dy$$