

QUESTION

$Y(x, t)$ satisfies the wave equation

$$Y_{tt} = c^2 Y_{xx}, \quad t > 0, \quad 0 < x < a,$$

with

$$Y(x, 0) = \frac{\beta x}{a}, \quad Y_t(x, 0) = 0, \quad Y(0, t) = 0, \quad Y_x(a, t) = 0.$$

(a) Show that

$$y(x, s) = \mathcal{L}Y(x, t) = \frac{\beta x}{a} - \frac{\beta c \sinh \frac{sx}{c}}{s^2 a \cosh \frac{sa}{c}}$$

(b) Use the complex inversion formula to find $Y(x, t)$.

ANSWER

(a) $s^2 Y - sY(x, 0) - Y_t(x, 0) = c^2 Y_{xx}$

$$Y_{xx} - \frac{s^2}{c^2} Y = -\frac{s}{c^2} \frac{\beta x}{a}$$

$$Y = A(s)e^{\frac{s}{c}x} + B(s)e^{-\frac{s}{c}x} + \frac{\beta x}{as}$$

$$Y(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow A(s) + B(s) = 0$$

$$Y_x(a, t) = 0 \Rightarrow A(s)\frac{s}{c} \left(e^{\frac{s}{c}a} + e^{-\frac{s}{c}a} + \frac{\beta}{as} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(x, s) = \frac{\beta x}{as} - \frac{\beta c}{as^2} \frac{\sinh \frac{sx}{c}}{\cosh \frac{sa}{c}}$$

(b) Simple pole at $s = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} Ye^{st} &= \left(\frac{\beta x}{as} - \frac{\beta c}{as^2} \frac{\frac{sx}{c} + O(s^3)}{1 + O(s^2)} \right) (1 + st + O(st)) \\ &= \frac{\beta x}{as} - \frac{\beta c}{as^2} \frac{sx}{c} + O(1) \\ \Rightarrow \text{Res}(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Simple poles at $s_n = (2n+1)\frac{\pi i}{2a}$, use l'Hôpital's rule.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}(Ye^{st}, s_n) &= \lim_{s \rightarrow s_n} \frac{\beta c}{a} \frac{e^{st} \sinh \frac{sx}{c}}{s^2 \frac{a}{c} \sinh \frac{a}{c} \sinh \frac{sa}{c} + 2s \cosh \frac{sa}{c}} \\ &= \frac{\beta c^2}{a^2} \frac{e^{s_n t} \sinh \frac{s_n x}{c}}{s_n^2 (-1)^n} \\ Y(x, t) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{Res}(s_n) + \text{Res}(-s_n) \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{8\beta}{\pi^2} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} \sin \frac{(2n+1)\pi x}{2a} \cos \frac{(2n+1)\pi ct}{2a} \end{aligned}$$