

Question

A particle moves along the curve $\mathbf{r} = (t^2 + 1)\mathbf{i} + (3t - 2)\mathbf{j} + (2t^3 - 4t^2)\mathbf{k}$. Find the velocity, acceleration, speed and magnitude of the acceleration at $t = 2$.

Answer

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{r} &= (t^2 + 1)\mathbf{i} + (3t - 2)\mathbf{j} + (2t^3 - 4t^2)\mathbf{k} \\ \mathbf{v} = \dot{\mathbf{r}} &= 2t\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + (6t^2 - 8t)\mathbf{k} \\ \mathbf{v} &= 4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k} \quad \text{at } t = 2 \\ \mathbf{a} = \ddot{\mathbf{r}} &= 2\mathbf{i} + (12t - 8)\mathbf{k} \\ &= 2\mathbf{i} + 16\mathbf{k} \quad \text{at } t = 2\end{aligned}$$