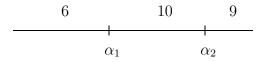
## Question

Suppose that F is a continuous cdf on the real line; and let  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  be numbers such that  $F(\alpha_1) = 0.3$  and  $F(\alpha_2) = 0.8$ . If 25 observations are selected at random from the distribution for which the cdf is F, what is the probability that 6 of the observed values will be less than  $\alpha_1$ , 10 of the observed values will be between  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$ , and 9 of the observed values will be greater than  $\alpha_2$ ?

## Answer



$$F(\alpha_1) = 0.3, \quad F(\alpha_2) = 0.8$$

Group $1 \leq \alpha_1$	$p_1 = 0.3$	$x_1 = 6$
Group 2 $(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$	$p_2 = 0.8 - 0.3 = 0.5$	$x_2 = 10$
Group 3 $(\alpha_3, \infty)$	$p_3 = 1 - 0.8 = 0.2$	$x_2 = 9$

Therefore required probability is:

$$\frac{n!}{x_1!x_2!x_3!}p_1^{x_1}p_2^{x_2}p_3^{x_3} = \frac{25!}{6!10!9!}(0.3)^6(0.5)^10(0.2)^9$$