

Question

Two tanks both initially contain 200 L of fresh water. Starting at $t = 0$ brine containing 5 kg/L of salt is added to the first tank at the rate of 2 L/min. This first tank is continually stirred. The uniform solution from the first tank is transferred to the second tank at the rate of 2 L/min. This second tank is also stirred. A uniform mixture leaves the second tank also at a rate of 2 L/min. What is the concentration of the mixture leaving the first tank at time t ? What is the concentration of the mixture leaving the second tank at time t ?

Answer

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= \text{salt in tank 1} & x(0) &= 0 \\y(t) &= \text{salt in tank 2} & y(0) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

The water balance is such that both tanks contain 200 litres at all times.

Salt balance in tank 1:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{rate of change} &= \text{rate of salt in} - \text{rate of salt out} \\ \text{of salt} & \\ \frac{dx}{dt} &= 5 * 2 - \frac{x}{200} * 2 \\ \frac{dx}{dt} &= 10 - \frac{x}{100}\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

Salt balance in tank 2:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{rate of change} &= \text{rate of salt in} - \text{rate of salt out} \\ \text{of salt} & \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= \frac{x}{200} * 2 - \frac{y}{200} * 2 \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= \frac{x}{100} - \frac{y}{100}\end{aligned}\tag{2}$$

Solve (1) as a linear equation with $x(0) = 0$, and we get

$$x(t) = 1000 \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{100}}\right)$$

Put this solution into (2) and solve as a linear equation with $y(0) = 0$, and we get

$$y(t) = 1000 \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{100}} - \frac{te^{-\frac{t}{100}}}{1000}\right)$$

So the concentration is $\frac{x}{100}$ and $\frac{y}{100}$.