Question Represent a perfect shuffle of a pack of 52 cards by the function $f: K \longrightarrow K$ where $K = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots 51\}$ and f is given by

$$f(n) = 2n (0 \le n \le 25) = 2n - 51 (26 \le n \le 51)$$

Show that every card returns to its original position after 8 shuffles. What would be the effect of introducing 2 jokers to the pack?

Answer Since $2^8 = 256 = 5 \times 51 + 1$ it follows that $f: K \longrightarrow K$ (which we can describe as $f(n) = 2n \mod 51$) satisfies $f^8(n) \equiv n \mod 51$ for every n. In fact there are two fixed points 0, 51 and a 2-cycle $\{17,34\}$ which every other n has period 8 (i.e. six 8-cycles). With 54 cards we find that, apart from the fixed points 0, 53, every n has period 52: there is one 52-cycle.