Applications of Partial Differentiation Extremes within restricted domains

Question

Find the maximum value of $f(x, y) = \sin x \sin y \sin(x + y)$ Over the triangle bounded by x = 0, y = 0 and $x + y = \pi$.

Answer

It can easily be seen that f(x,y) = 0 on the boundary of the triangle, and that $f(x,y) \not = 0$ at all points inside the triangle. So the minimum value of f on the triangle is zero, with the maximum point at some point inside. For critical points inside the triangle:

$$0 = f_1(x, y) = \cos x \sin y \sin(x + y) + \sin x \sin y \cos(x + y) 0 = f_2(x, y) = \sin x \cos y \sin(x + y) + \sin x \sin y \cos(x + y)$$
$$\Rightarrow \cos x \sin y = \cos y \sin x$$

So x = y for critical points inside the triangle, and also that

$$\cos x \sin x \sin 2x + \sin^2 x \cos 2x = 0$$
$$2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x + 2\sin^2 \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 0$$
$$4\cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x = \pm 1/2$$
$$x = \pm \pi/2$$

The critical point inside the triangle is $(\pi/3, \pi/3)$, with $f = 3\sqrt{3}/8$ being the maximum value of f in the triangle.