



Vocabularies and Applications

COMP6215 Semantic Web Technologies

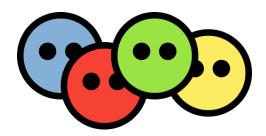
Dr Nicholas Gibbins - nmg@ecs.soton.ac.uk





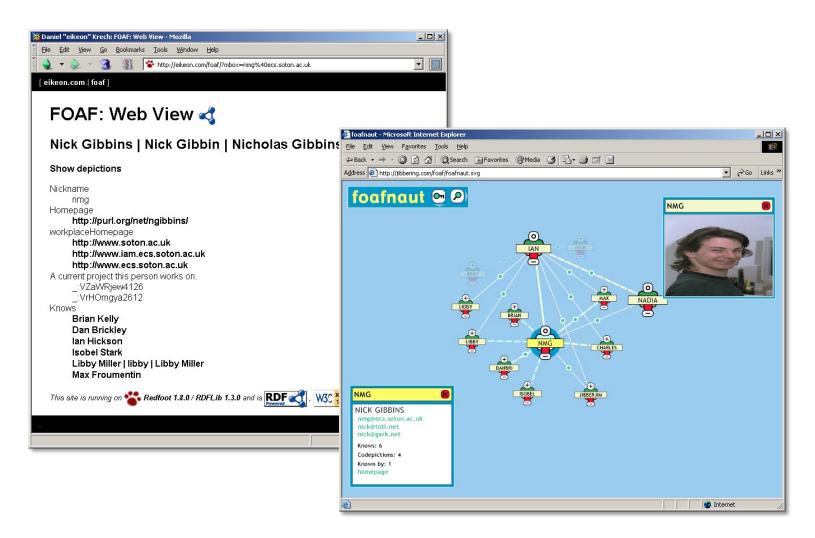
Friend of a Friend (FOAF)

- Semantic Web realisation of "six degrees of separation"
- Fully distributed system
 - Each user writes an RDF file describing themselves and who they know (using the FOAF schema)
 - Files are harvested and aggregated
 - Data is presented in a variety of interfaces
- Avoids siloing of existing social networking systems
- Data from many providers





Multiple Interfaces

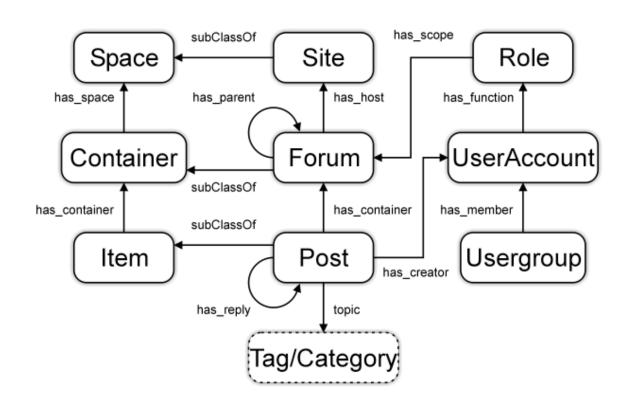




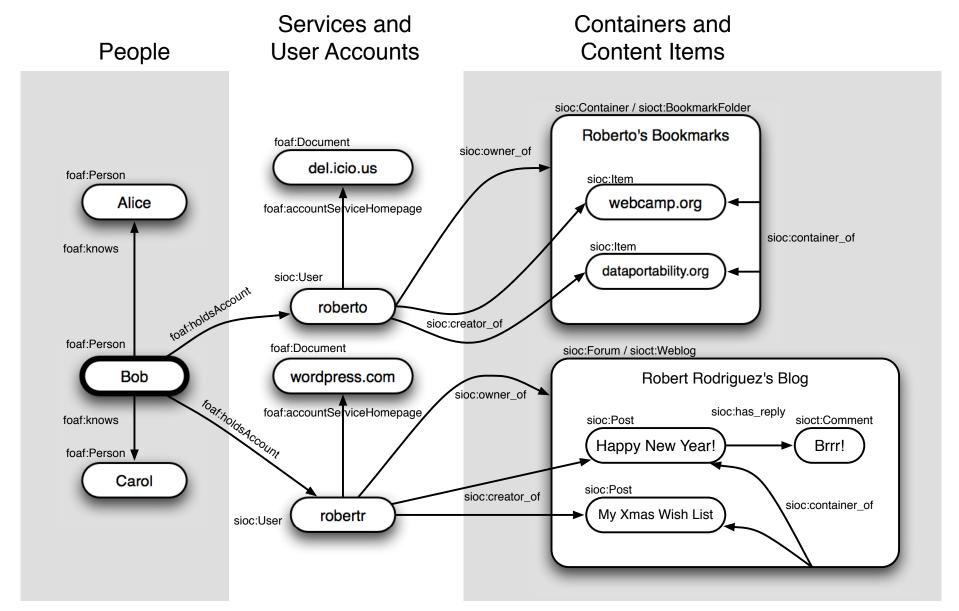
Semantically-Interlinked Online Communities

- Ontology for describing wikis, bulletin boards, blogs, etc
- Designed to interoperate with FOAF













Dublin Core

- A standard set of 15 metadata elements for cross-domain information resource description
- Formally endorsed by ISO, NISO and CEN
- Representation language-neutral
 - Plain XML serialisations in addition to RDF/XML
 - Predates RDF (started in 1995)

- Possibly the most widely used Semantic Web vocabulary
 - Libraries (electronic and physical)
 - Museums
 - Web archives
 - Open Directory Project
 - UK Mirror Service
 - MusicBrainz

• ...





Dublin Core Element Set

- Title
- Creator
- Subject
- Description
- Publisher
- Contributor
- Date

- Type
- Format
- Identifier
- Source
- Language
- Relation
- Coverage
- Rights



Bibliographic Ontology

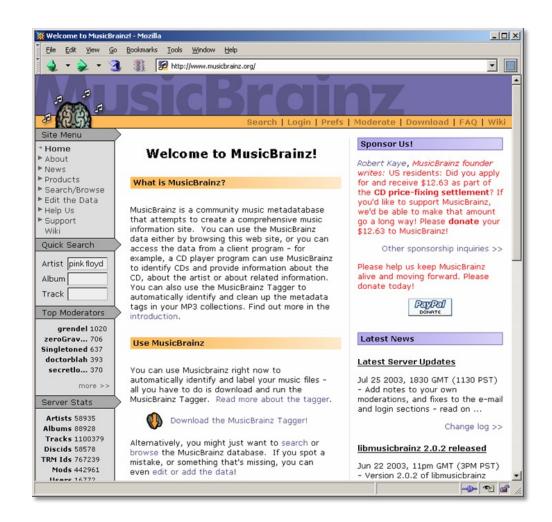
- More detailed bibliographic ontology
- Describes types of publication
 - Conference paper
 - Journal article
 - ...
- Builds on Dublin Core





MusicBrainz

- An open replacement for the Gracenote CD database
- Community-maintained service
 - Submissions and moderations
- Vocabularies used:
 - Dublin Core
 - Custom ontology for metadata specifically relating to audio recordings





Publishing Standards for Industry Standard Metadata

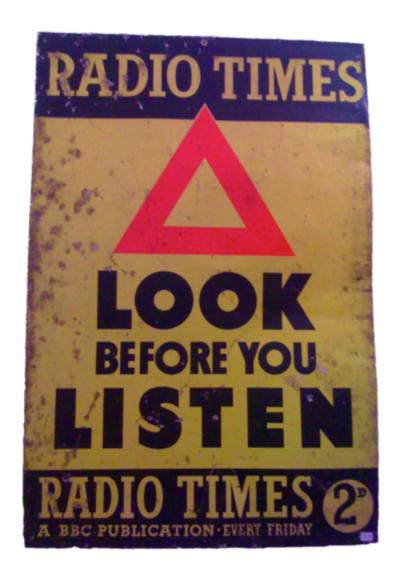
- Set of metadata vocabularies for automating publishing production processes and content exchange
- Simplified profile of RDF/XML
 - Lower hurdle to adoption
- Commercial users include Time, Inc., Lexis-Nexis and McGraw-Hill

- Vocabularies used:
 - Dublin Core
 - Custom ontologies for
 - Controlled vocabularies
 - Relational information
 - Resource types
 - Rights management



BBC Programmes

- Simple ontology for describing programmes
 - Brands
 - Series (seasons)
 - Episodes
 - Broadcast events
 - Broadcast services
- Data describing all BBC programmes

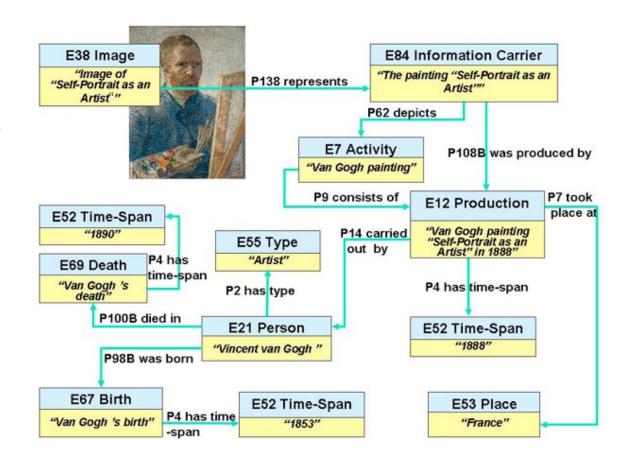


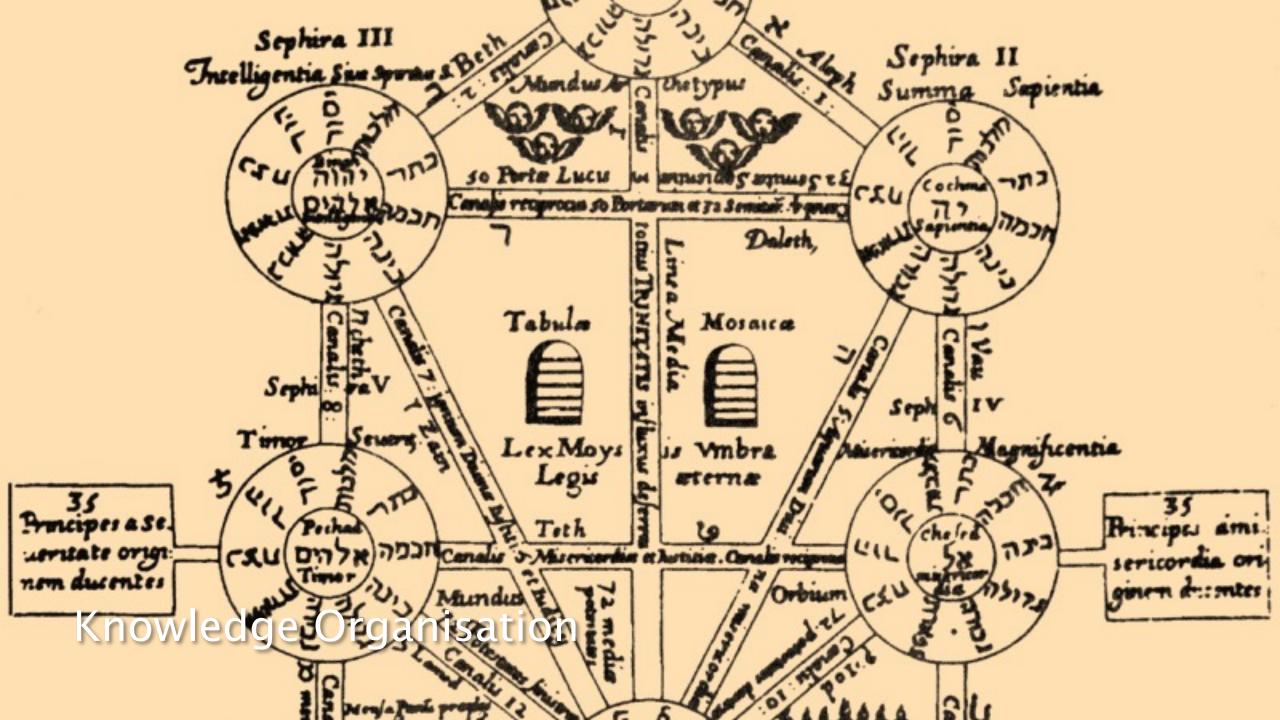




CIDOC CRM

- Ontology for heterogeneous cultural heritage information
- Represents more than just bibliographic information
- Event-based model (compare with Dublin Core's attributebased approach)





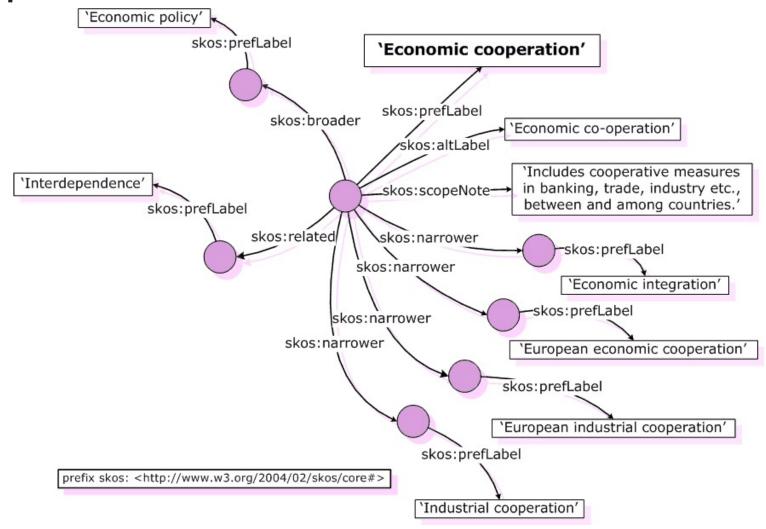


Simple Knowledge Organisation System

- Standard vocabulary to support thesauri, classification schemes, subject heading lists, taxonomies, and other types of controlled vocabulary
- Semantic relationships: broader, narrower, related terms
- Labels, preferred labels, alternative labels
- Notes, documentation, scope notes
- Mappings between vocabularies



SKOS Example



181 The Fox Hunt oil 38x68 DEDE nut Nec. WHomer. June 15, 1893. Sold 133105 Nov. 21, 1893 K836114 Met. Mus. Feb. Mar 1911. Cent P. A. Mr. F. a.

Provenance 85

WHAD. 6168



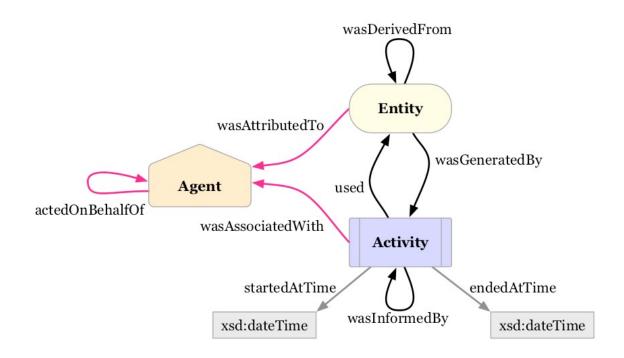
Provenance

- The *provenance* of a digital object represents its origin
- Provenance facilitates:
 - understanding how data was collected so it can be meaningfully used
 - determining ownership and rights over an object
 - making judgements about information to determine whether to trust it
 - verifying that the process and steps used to obtain a result complies with given requirements
 - reproducing how something was generated.



PROV-O

- A specification and ontology for expressing provenance records
- Records contain descriptions of the entities and activities involved in producing and delivering or otherwise influencing a given object
- Became a W3C Recommendation in April 2013



has a gift of seek off site and site affects dreamydeary. Heed! Heed! It may half been a missfired brick, as some say, or it mought have been due to a collupsus of his back promises, as others looked at it. (There extand by now one thousand and one stories, all told, of the same). But so sore did abe ite ivvy's holired abbles, (what with the wallhall's horrors of rollsrights, carhacks, stonengens, kisstvanes, tramtrees, fargobawlers, autokinotons, hippohobbilies, streetfleets, tournintaxes, megaphoggs, circuses and wardsmoats and basilikerks and aeropagods and the hoyse and the jollybrool and the peeler in the coar and the mecklenburk bitch bite at his ear and the merlinburrow burrocks and his fore old porecourts, the bore the more, and his Web Annotation http://www.flickr.com/photos/medievalkarl/4473939932/

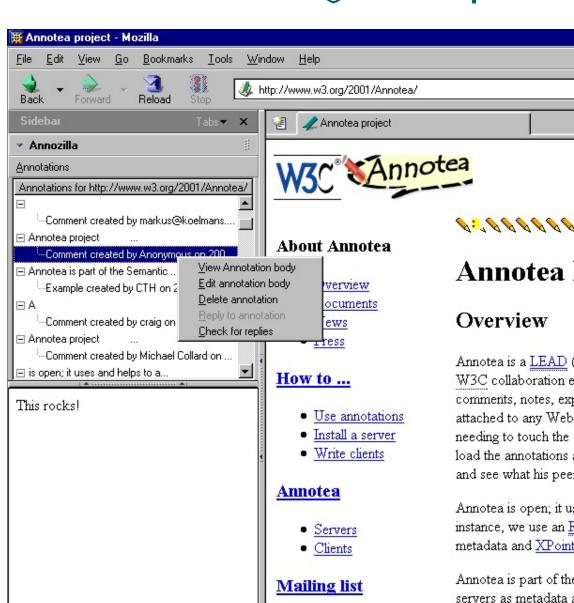


metadata and capabl

protocol.

Annotea

- Shared annotations for the Web
- Vocabularies used:
 - Dublin Core for bibliographic metadata about the annotation
 - Custom schema for relating annotation to annotated document
 - XPath and XPointer used to identify region of document to be annotated

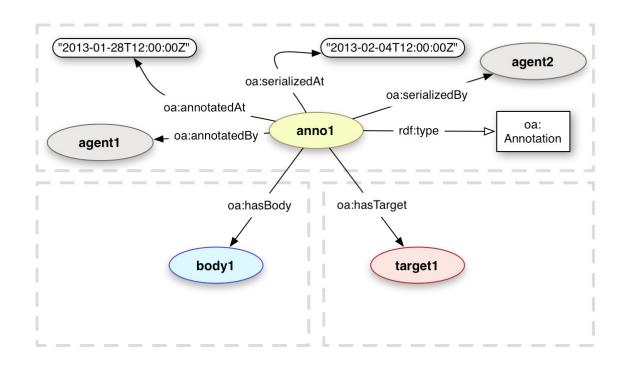


www-annotation

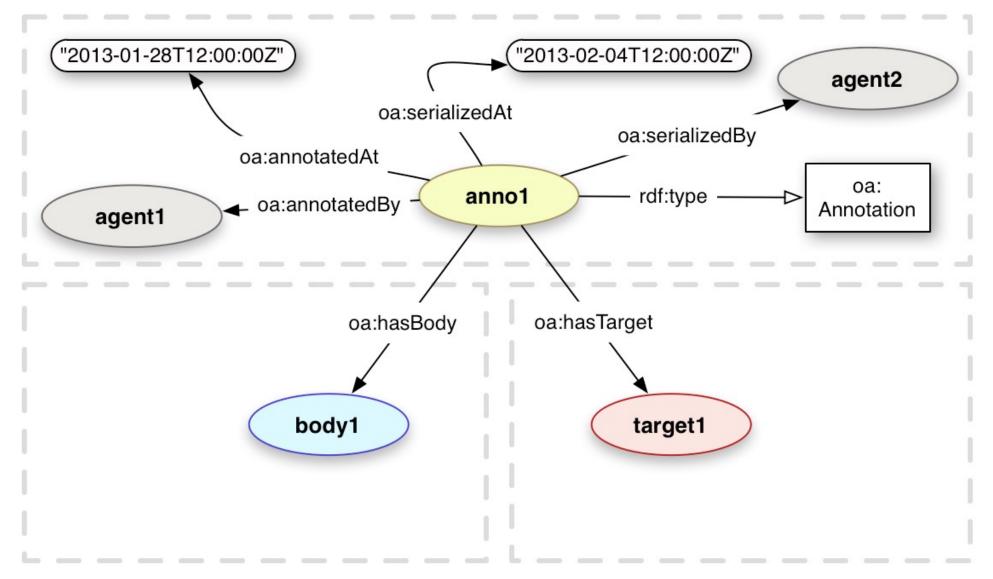


Open Annotation Data Model

- W3C Proposed Recommendation (17 Jan 2017)
 - Ongoing work on annotation within W3C (Web Annotation Working Group)
- Vocabularies used:
 - FOAF
 - Dublin Core
 - Provenance
 - SKOS











Good Relations

- Standardised vocabulary for product, price, and company data
- Represents:
 - Prices
 - Accepted payment methods
 - Opening times
 - Delivery methods and charges
 - Warranty promises and scope

- Integrates with:
 - UNSPSC vocabulary for offerings
 - SIC codes for company type







AKTive PSI (2005)

- Use advanced knowledge management technology to improve the delivery of policy and public services across Government
- Build up a detailed picture of life in two London Boroughs, using as broad a collection of Public Sector Information as possible























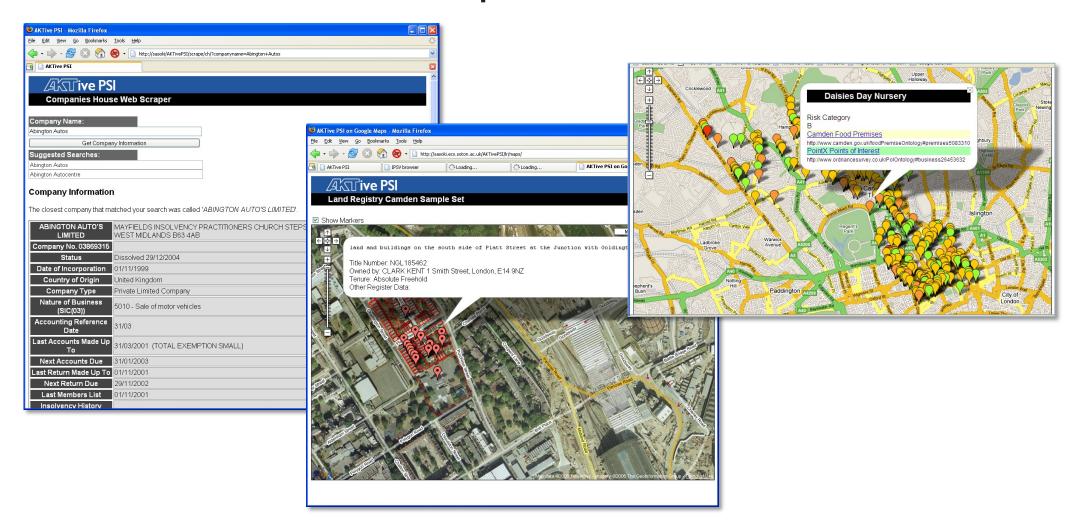








Visualisations and Mashups





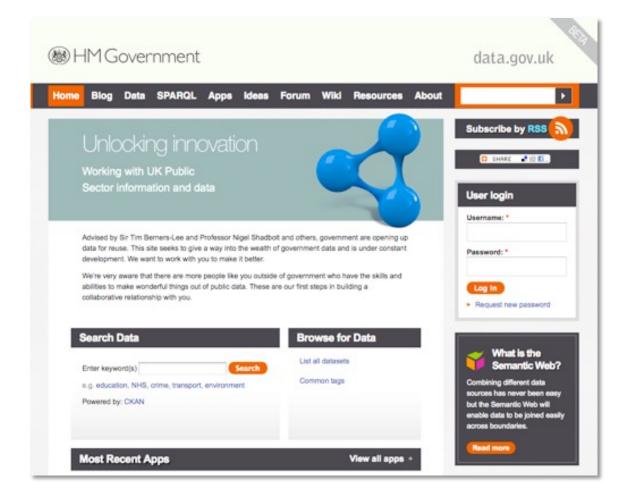
Integrated Public Sector Vocabulary

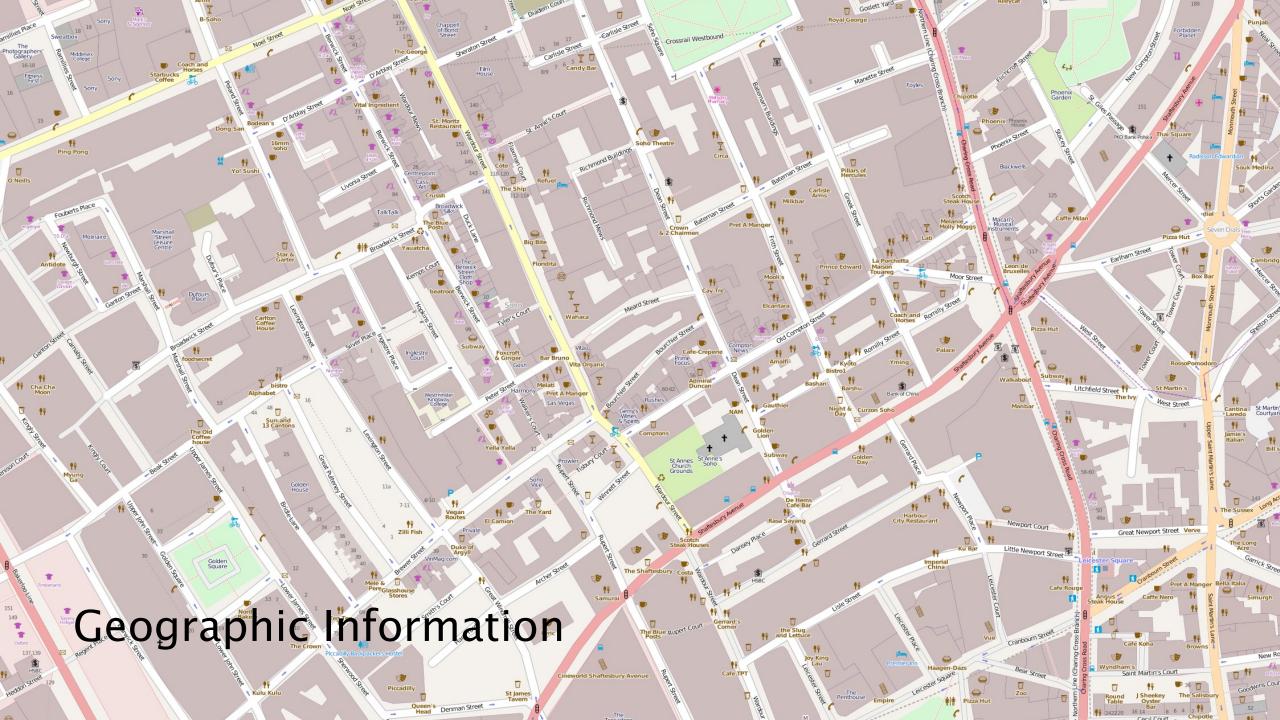
- Taxonomy for classifying public sector information resources
- Developed with the backing of the ODPM and the Cabinet Office e-Government Unit
- Available in a variety of formats, but RDF/XML is the definitive format
- Uses Dublin Core and SKOS



data.gov.uk (2010)

- In 2009, Tim Berners-Lee and Nigel Shadbolt appointed as advisors to HMG on opening up public data
- data.gov.uk website went public on 21 Jan 2010
 - 2890 datasets from central and local government
 - Uses SW technologies to represent data







Ordnance Survey Linked Data

Opened up datasets as part of UK public sector data initiative:

- 1:50,000 Gazetteer 250,000 place names
- Code-Point
 1,700,000 postcode units
- Boundary Line
 Electoral and administrative boundaries

- Output formats:
 - JSON
 - RDF
- SPARQL query



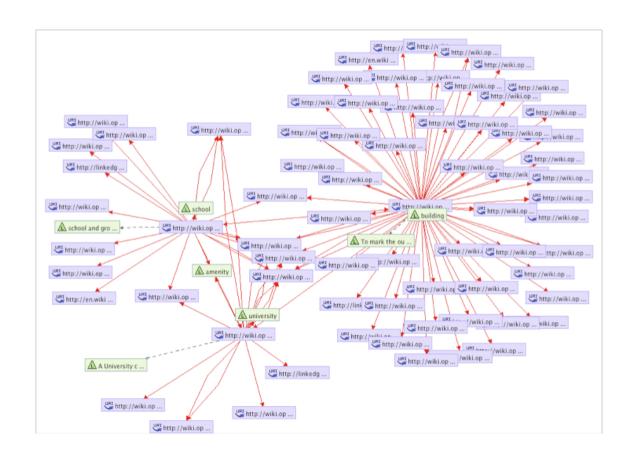
Open Streetmap Linked Data

OSM Semantic Network

SKOS vocabulary built from map feature tags

LinkedGeoData.org

Interlinks OSM data with other linked open data





Next Lecture: RDF