

our objectives

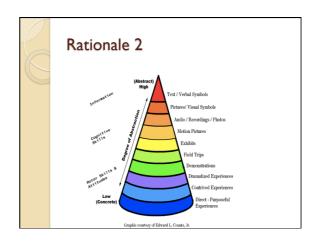
- To introduce you to some guidelines for making presentations
- To prepare you (mentally) for the task of making a short presentation
- To set you off to learn yourself how to make an excellent presentation

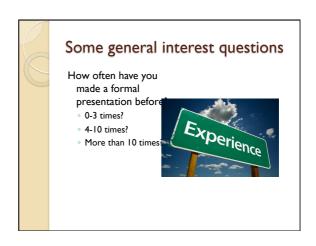
Rationale I

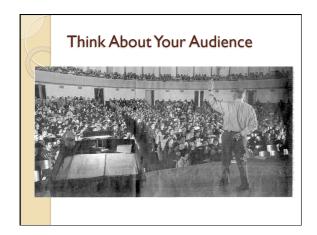
Learning by doing

- Simple approaches first
- Practice to perfection
- But accept mistakes ... which lead to learning ©

Realistically are you likely to be able to do a perfect job first time?

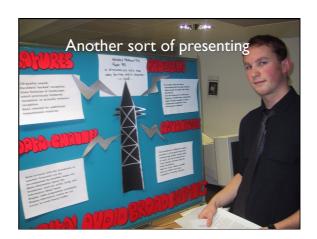












It is suggested you work through the following slides

FOLLOW UP THOUGHTS AND ACTIVITIES

Build on what you know already....

As a consumer of presentations
 Think about a memorable presentation
 What made it good?

Three things....

That you like to see in presentations That make presentations a disaster

- Chat with your friends about this
- Use this knowledge in your group

Pragmatics

Prepare your slides

- How will you say things?
 - Can you keep it simple?
- Any supporting information?
 - Prepare hand outs
- Make a dry run
- Imagine the audience is in front of you
- Will you keep to time?

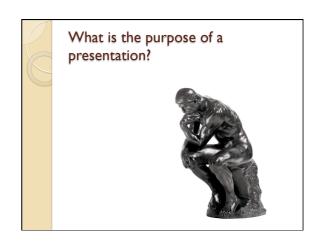
focus

discuss with group/friends:

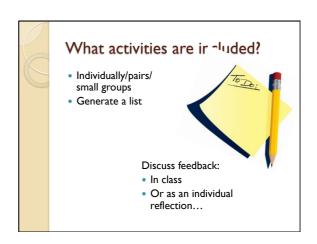
 how can I learn to make good presentations?

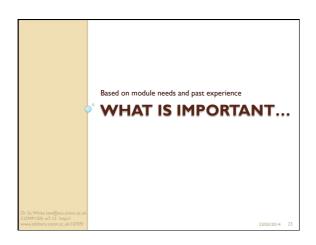
learning and help

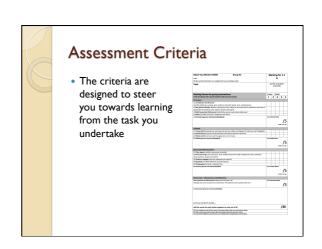
- we will each need different kinds of help
- · we each learn and work in different ways
- learning by doing (present and attend lots)
- language centre, assistive technology centre
- self help (books, guides, the web)
- peer help (colleagues, friends)

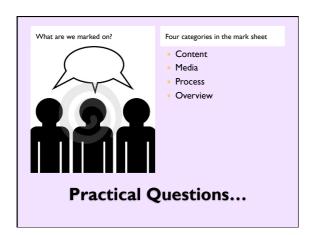


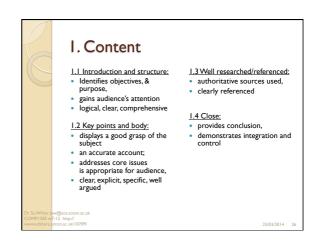
What we expect Discuss and agree an approach to the topic Discuss and agree an approach to the topic • Allocate roles advise double up roles • Research the topic • Construct an argument • Present the argument • Harness the information • Prepare a draft • Review/revise • Practice, practice • Demonstrate competence The assessment criteria are always designed to steer you towards learning from the tasks you undertake

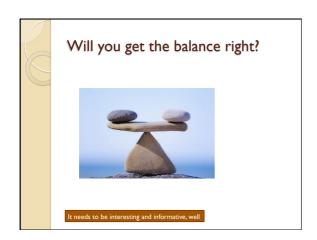


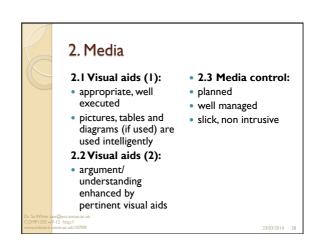






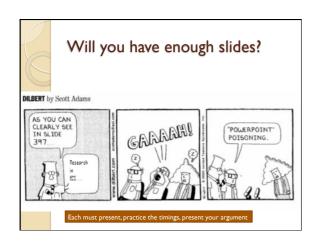








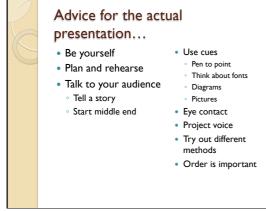




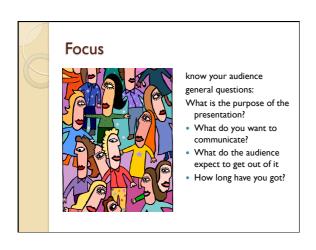












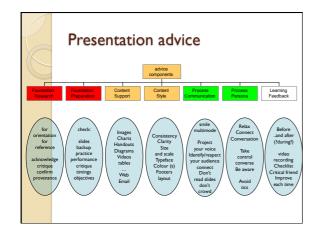
Some final words....

Have a conversation with your audience

- It's OK to be imperfect
- It's OK to use humour (if you can)
- It's OK to respond to a question "I don't know"
- It can be a good idea to try to explain things in different words
- You will get better with practice



Remember.... • Be prepared



Advice... Be yourself Plan and rehearse Talk to your audience Tell a story Start middle end Use cues Pen to point Think about fonts Diagrams Pictures Eye contact Project voice Try out different methods Order is important

Seeing with new eyes



"The real voyage of discovery consists not in seeking new lands, but in seeing with new eyes"

Marcel Proust

Presentation FAQs

- Each group will make a 10 minute presentation on their allocated topic shown in the table in EdShare and sent to you by email The brief provides guidance and background references to help with your preparation
- Presentations should be compiled using PowerPoint and will be submitted via the hand in machine in the week prior to the presentations (week 10, after Easter). Each slide set must have a first slide including the title and group number, and a second slide with a titled photograph of each pericipant.
- Presentations will be made during weeks 11 & 12
- Every group participant will make a contribution
- individual circumstances
 Contributions will be marked by course
 lecturers using the mark sheet shown at the
 end of this document.
 This will produce a group mark
 You will be given immediate direct verbal
 feedback as a group after the presentation and
 during the allocated presentation slot
- You will also gain a further contributory individual mark by participating in the review process, for which you will be allocated a slot

Further refs

Pragmatic rather than academic

ocket.com/blog/2013/02/present

Warning – attribute what I thought was a quote by Confucius to Benjamin Franklin!

Did a bit of searching and its still disputed...

http://dakinburdick.wordpress.com/2012/03/14/tell-me-and-i-forget/

Why its not Benjamin Franklin...

不與不審提之,與之不善以之,見之不善知之,如之不善行之。 等至于行之而反身。 行之,研也;明之为是人。 坐人也者,本仁文、当景水,齐宣行。 不失要是,无他邀集,已举行之史。 战城之而不见,虽得必罪;北之而不 知、爰论必安;知之而不行。 虽彼必遇,不肖不见,则且故,余仁忠,其直百争而召而也。

http://dakinburdick.wordpress.com/2012/03/14/tell-me-and-i-forget/

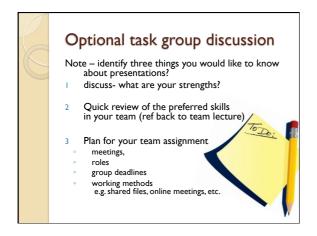
Dale's cone of experience

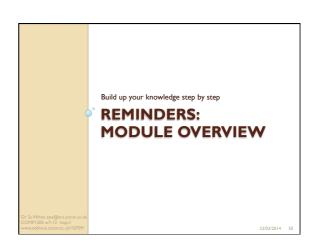
- Dale's Cone of Experience Overview http://rapidbi.com/created/Coneofexperience-
- Dale, E. (1946) Audio-visual methods in teaching. New York: The Dryden Press.
- Dale, E. (1954) Audio-visual methods in teaching, revised edition. New York: A Holt-Dryden Book, Henry Holt and Company.
- Dale, E. (1969) Audiovisual methods in teaching, third edition. New York: The Dryden Press; Holt, Rinehart and Winston.

Thank you ;-)

Su White

- saw@ecs.soton.ac.uk
- +44 (0)23 8059 4471
- http://www.ecs.soton.ac.uk/~saw





Work smarter not harder Approaches • Pareto principle 20% of the effort produces Understand your motivations 80% of the result Imaginatively ... but think about it logically, Develop and use your rationally creativity and imagination • One touch Make your tasks enjoyable Capture all the necessary Intuitively information in a single touch Learn to know what works for you Work smarter not harder Follow up: Dan Pink - RSA Animate, see refs and links 

