

School of Electronics and Computer Science

**COMP6049 Conducting Interviews** and Focus Groups November 2011

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### Southampton Southampton

School of Electronics and Computer Science

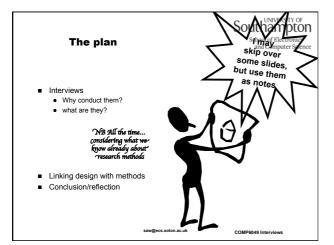
### **Introduction and Objectives**

Should be a reminder by now @ How I will run this class - with you!

What I want – us all to think!

Keep trying to link this to other classes in this module

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### Southampton School of Electronics and Computer Science Interviews - why? ■ Why do we conduct interviews? Think about a classic abstract ■ What format can interviews take? This is the way the world is Remember the definition of research? This is what is wrong with the world

· What contribution can interviews make to research?

Here is my interesting idea/proposal

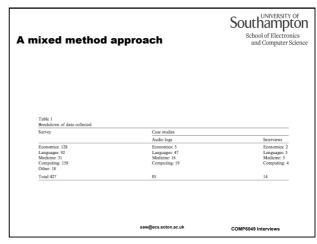
Here is what I have found

COMP6049 Interviews

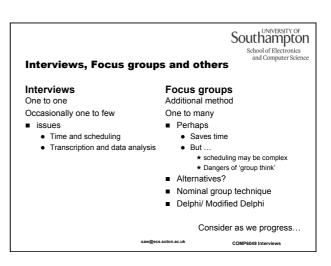
### Southampton **Interview Study** European Journal of Engineering Education Vol. 29, No. 2, June 2004, 173-181 Changing assessment practice in engineering: how can understanding lecturer perspectives help? LIZ MCDOWELL\*\*, SU WHITE\* and HUGH C. DAVIS\* http://eprints.ecs.soton.ac.uk/12663/ COMP6049 Interviews

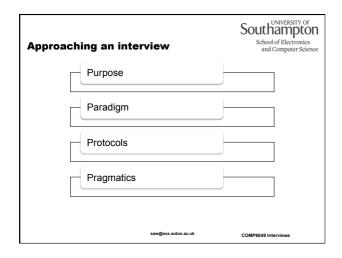
### Southampton School of Electronics and Computer Science **Explaining the method** ering centred on hard-pure knowledge, mastery of physical environmer ted or real-work contexts with teaching geared towards products and techn grouperstorm statesty of techniques in linear sequence, and giving impor-ual understanding favouring examinations; multi-choice questions and prof grouperstanding of realiprecing was wholly considered understanding of realiprecing was wholly considered to the profit of the profit of the discipline as a "hard application" of the discipline a

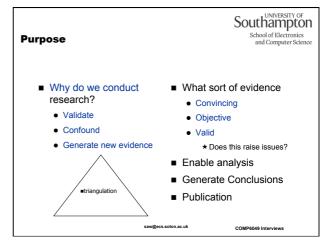


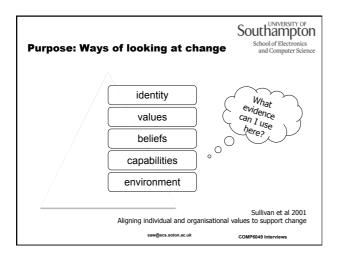


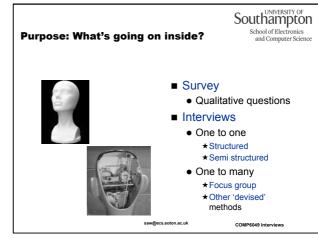
## Situating the findings School of Electronics and Computer Science However, there were examples in both the interviews and the audio long where search engines finited to provide useful information. Such that the students had to exert to alternative sources of paper based and digital information. Despite this, comments were generally forwards with report based and digital information. Despite this, comments were generally forwards with report based and digital information flowed for their studies. The rapid positioning of Wikipedia as an important authoritative text, despite its relative scenesses, is an important indicator of the way in which students are now using technologies with peer review and charing of with counts as good being an important scaffold to help make meaning of a complex and constantly despite information indicators. I search for what I need using Search Engines and the special case shall day as in of things that I mean of the students of the current area of study. Despite this openness to exploring new sources of information, students facilitated that it was sometimes difficult to evaluate the ereditability of sources found on the web and they provided examples of some of the strategies they used to doubte check sources. For example students discussed how they cross-referenced and validation anterial found on the web with other sources (text book, lecture notes, etc.), as well as restricting their search scope to reliable sites that they learn to treat. You can tell assually from the webset itself flow accurates the information might be. When they attribute it, it might be an academic publishing or something. So you generally see that it is better than when it comes in the same of the strategies that they detailed in a content of the same shall be a search of the same of the same of the same shall information on the fairness. Methods of validations and cross-reference in dictate that students mix and match information sources, combining of and new methods.

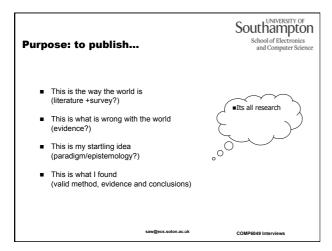


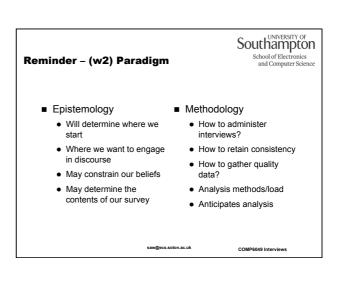




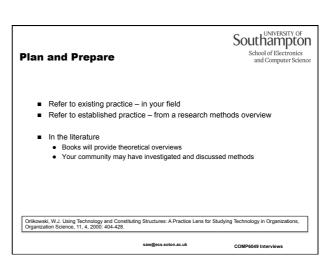












### **Protocols**

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Ethics, Privacy and Data Protection

Data Volume

(analysis tools)

- Just think about the personal...
  - You are asking for information
- Same old, same old... Respect your contributors

...then survey

• Follow up survey

the **challenge** of retaining objectivity

★ You may become a confidante!!

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### **Protocols**

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■ Establishing ground rules

Build rapport



■ Running the show

- Plan your questions
  - ★ Dry run
- Collect and record data
  - ★ Be professional
  - ★ Focus on interactions

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### Pragmatics School of Electronics and Computer Science ■ Constraints • Timing and access ■ Selection method/ sampling rationale ■ Consequences Process • Pre-test/Trial/Pilot

### Southampton Southampton School of Electronics and Computer Science Pragmatics - bringing it together ■ Planning ■ Process • What you want to explore/ Conduct interviews find out/prove/discover ( review each session ) • Who will you interview, • Transcribe and Analyse how will you select them What you will ask Interim conclusions/ discussion/ Dry run Draft, review, publish

### How you will learn this... Next Class Role play Small group activities Small group activities Prepare Take a look at the references Look at the brief for next class Prepare yourself ③

# References Southampton School of Electronics and Computer Science for background and related material and references please see the course web page CRESWELL, J. W. (1998) Qualitative inquiry and research design choosing among five traditions, Thousand Oaks, Sage. CRESWELL, J. W. (2003) Research design qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approaches, Thousand Oaks, Calif. London, Sage Publications. GLASER & STRAUSS (1999) The discovery of grounded theory strategies for qualitative research, New York, Aldine de Gruyter. HUBERMAN, A. M. & MILES, M. B. (2002) The qualitative researcher's companion, Thousand Oaks, CA, Sage Publications. KVALE (1996) Interviews an introduction to qualitative research interviewing, Thousand Oaks, Calif., Sage. MYERS, M. D. & AVISON, D. E. (2002) Qualitative research in information systems: a reader, London, Sage.

