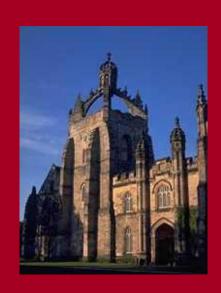


Enhancing learning: the Aberdeen approach



Bryan MacGregor Vice-Principal

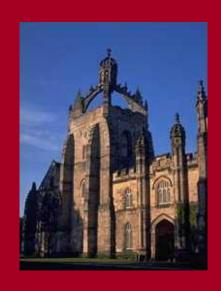
1. Overview



- Why we did Curriculum Reform
- How we did Curriculum Reform
 - Process
 - Evidence base
- Final proposals
- External and internal reactions
- Implementation and progress
- Graduate attributes



Why we did Curriculum Reform



2. Genesis



- In November 2006: the then Principal proposed to Senate a 'full scale review of the curriculum available to students'.
- In February 2007: Principal's Essay urged 'an intensive review of the curriculum' to consider 'the most effective possible education' for all students and make it 'is consistent with the needs of the society we serve'.
- The high ground: curriculum review is a responsibility of any group of scholars.
- The prosaic: in a competitive national and international environment, need to review, to maintain strengths and strive for excellence.
- Central part of the University's Strategic Plan 2007-10: ambition 'To be one of the top 100 world-leading universities.'

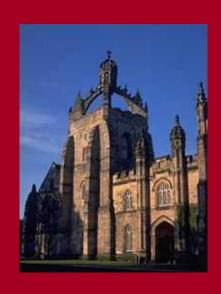
3. Objectives



- The primary objectives of Curriculum Reform are:
 - to make our approach distinctive within the UK and aligned with developments in some of the world's leading universities;
 - to enhance the learning experience;
 - to enhance disciplinary study;
 - to produce better informed, more rounded and more intellectually flexible graduates; and
 - to design programmes which are more attractive to students; more relevant to employers; and more relevant to wider societal needs



How we did Curriculum Reform



4. The Commission



- November 2007 Curriculum Commission began its meetings with a remit:
 - 'To review and make proposals for the reform of our education objectives, programme structures and curriculum content, with a view to developing a high quality, distinctive and attractive educational experience for undergraduate and postgraduate students at the University of Aberdeen, which takes account of developing international approaches.'
- Commission had wide membership senior and junior staff and students 26 (3 students)
- Steering Group to hear evidence and direct initial stages 11 (1 student)
- Other groups: Student Experience Group; Business, Industry and Professions; Research Group; Resources Group

5. Meetings and reports



- First meeting of the Commission November 2007
- Commission met 29 times; Steering Group 27 times
- First Report February 2008; Second Report July 2008
- Draft Final Report September 2008
- Final Report October 2008
- Approved by Senate in October 2008, Court in November 2008

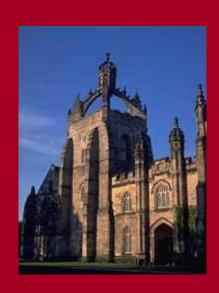
6. Evidence base



- The evidence base for the proposals included:
 - A desk study of the strategic context;
 - Internal consultations and feedback on the reports;
 - External consultations with a wide range of interest groups;
 - Overseas trips to other universities
 - Market research on the views of applicants, parents and employers;
 - A survey of guidance teachers; two surveys of students' opinions.



Final proposals



7. Key proposals



- A set of Aberdeen Graduate Attributes
- A five year framework with exit qualifications at all years; and flexible entry to and exit from any year.
- A series of Enhanced Study options to produce better informed, more rounded and more intellectually flexible graduates (special new Sixth Century Courses; Sustained Study in languages and business; or greater choice).
- Comprehensive programme and course review.
- The development of flexible learning spaces.
- Enhanced student support: pre-entry partnerships with school and colleges; enhanced induction on arrival; and 'one stop shops'.
- The development of a Co-curriculum (work placements, study overseas, voluntary work); enhanced engagement with employers.

8. Enhanced Study



- Students are allowed a free choice of Enhanced Study for 25% of years 1 and 2; and 12.5% of years 3 and 4.
- There are three types of Enhanced Study
 - Sixth Century Courses;
 - Sustained Study Programmes;
 - Discipline Breadth Courses.

9. Sixth Century Courses



Sixth Century Courses are specially-designed:

'to consider and contrast different approaches to knowledge and different methods of enquiry and, normally, examining real world problems'

and:

'to show how different disciplines work, to introduce and compare the fundamental perspectives of a number of disciplines and, normally, apply these to real world issues and problems.'

For 2010, there are 11 courses (most in both half sessions):

Oceans and Society Science and the Media The Mind Machine
The Natural World Mankind in the Universe The Digital Society
Humans and Animals Sustainability Fearsome Engines

Risk The Health and Wealth of Nations

10. Sustained Study



- Sustained Study Programmes enable a student to undertake intensive study for two years in a subject which is not part of their core degree programme.
- Some are entirely knew; some are built from existing courses. There are 13 SSPs:
 - Six modern languages (French, Gaelic, German, Spanish, Arabic, Mandarin Chinese)
 - Business; Computing
 - Biblical languages; Latin; The Classical Tradition
 - Building Better Bodies (working title)
 - Conservation and the Environment

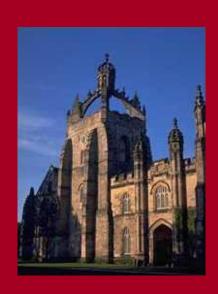
11. Discipline Breadth



- Subject to normal degree regulations, ANY course may be considered Discipline Breadth if it is NOT:
 - A compulsory course within a degree programme;
 - A restricted option with a degree programme (students must choose from a prescribed list); or
 - A pre-requisite or a co-requisite for one of the above.



Graduate attributes



12. Graduate attributes



Academically excellent

In-depth discipline knowledge; Breadth of knowledge; Contextual Understanding

Critical thinkers and effective communicators

Synthesis and analysis; Informed argument and reasoning; Diverse set of transferable and generic skills

Open to learning and personal development

Openness to, and interest in, lifelong learning; Self reflection

Active citizens

Appreciation of ethical and moral issues, social and cultural diversity, and enterprise and leadership

13. Acquiring the attributes



- The attributes are firmly grounded in the CREF research results.
- The University cannot guarantee that all graduates will acquire the attributes.
- The attributes cannot all be acquired only from the formal curriculum but require the totality of the University experience.
- The University can provide the opportunities to acquire the attributes, and for students to monitor their progress.

14. ACHIEVE and STAR



- ACHIEVE The Graduate Attributes WebCT site:
 - Familiarises students with the Attributes;
 - Enables self-assessment of achievement and development needs;
 - Provides interactive resources;
 - Reflection and recording of progress;
 - Links to University services which help to improve skills.
- STAR (Students Taking Active Roles):
 - Achievement of five of the Graduate Attributes (employability related);
 - Involves: training; participation; reflective log; and assessment;
 - Employer involvement throughout: development; delivery; assessment and evaluation.

15. ACHIEVE





The University of Aberdeen's Graduate Attributes are a wide-ranging set of qualities which you will develop during your time

ACHIEVE at ABERDEEN

Academic Excellence

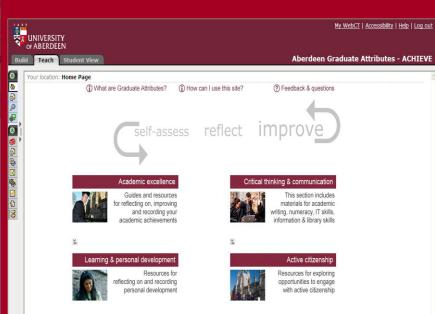
as a student.

- Critical Thinking & Communication
- Learning & Personal Development
- Active Citizenship

www.abdn.ac.uk/graduateattributes

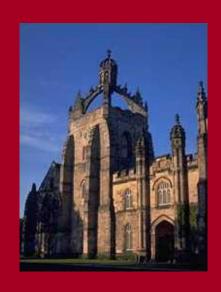








External and internal reactions



16. External consultations



- 'Hearings' held in Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and London;
 plus civil servants and politicians
- Universally positive responses

Category	Invited (104)	Attended (49)
Employer organisations	9	24
Professional bodies	48	
Public bodies	6	4
Education authorities	5	17
Schools	20	
FE colleges	5	
Miscellaneous	11	4

17. Internal engagement



- University-wide open meetings: seven to outline the review process; six to receive comments on the First Report; and six to receive comments on the Third Report
- Open School meetings: 36 (3 x 12) as above
- Four meetings with specific groups at their request
- Regular meetings with Students' Association Executive
- Websites (one for students); live webcasts; email updates; blog; discussion boards; hearings; newsletter
- Formal reports to the University Management Group, the Senate and the Court

18. Internal reactions



- The 'Two Cultures'; multiple realities
- The discipline focus dilution
- Research and crowding out extra work
- How will it affect me?; FTEs
- Levels of engagement:
 - **→** Disinterest
 - Full and informed; the zealots
 - The hidden agenda; wait for proposals before reaction
 - ➤ Sceptics but argument
 - > The opponents: priors versus evidence
 - ➤ Misinformation and rumours—say it often enough

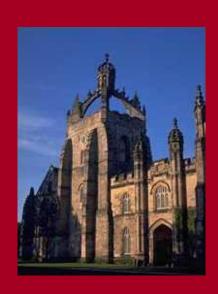
19. Responding



- Information and openness
- The opinion formers
- Evidence; discussion; compromise and consensus
- The reassuring external voices
- Student involvement and support but transition
- Senior engagement



Implementation and progress



20. Implementation



- Administrative structures and capital investments from September 2009.
- Curriculum content and regulations from September 2010.
- Full implementation will take five years.
- An Implementation Board to oversee, monitor and review implementation – started November 2009; but now 'embedded'.
- Other analysis and plans: resources; risk analysis; detailed implementation timetable; communication and marketing plans.

21. Progress and early take-up



- Implementation is going well and is on schedule.
- Focus has shifted to the co-curriculum and the curriculum for 2011.
- September 2010:
 - Eleven Sixth Century Courses: total 1377 (c50%); range 84-189
 - Thirteen **Sustained Study Programmes**: c500
 - First year language courses:
 - 'Like for like' [French, Gaelic, German and Spanish]: 1726
 (+35%)
 - 'Like for like', with Latin: 1824 (+40%)
 - Including Arabic and Mandarin: 2115 (+61%)

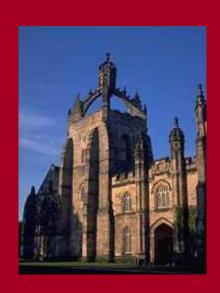
22. Finally



- A distinctive approach but not unique:
 - Aligned to best practice internationally;
 - Firmly based on **research** (what students want; what employers want; what graduates do);
 - Embedded in broadly-based Scottish education philosophy;
 - Strong disciplines set within a wider intellectual context to produce more flexible graduates;
 - Early exposure to the world of work;
 - Evidence for achievement of graduate attributes; and
 - Recognition of co-curriculum activities.



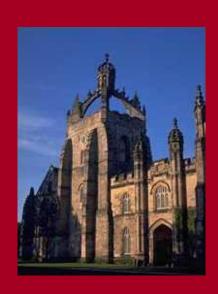
Enhancing learning: the Aberdeen approach



Bryan MacGregor Vice-Principal



EXTRA SLIDES



Progress and evaluation



- Implementation is going well and is on schedule.
- Focus has shifted to the co-curriculum and the curriculum for 2011.
- Measurable and immeasurable but:
 - Student completion rates; graduate employment rates
 - Advisory Panel for ALL degree programmes
 - Number and uptake of new courses; number of students on work placements and studying abroad
 - Use of on-line self evaluation software; use of facilities
 - Student satisfaction; feedback from Students' Association

ACHIEVE



- ACHIEVE The Graduate Attributes WebCT site
 - Familiarises students with the Aberdeen Graduate Attributes;
 - Enables students to self-assess achievement and development needs;
 - Provides interactive resources, self-assessment tests and exercises;
 - Facilitates reflection and recording of progress in an ePortfolio;
 - Helps students to take the opportunities available to develop their skills through their taught courses and also through co-curricular activities;
 - Provides links to University services, including the Student Learning Service and the Careers Service, which help to improve skills.
- Multi-approach and longitudinal evaluation is planned

STAR



- Achievement of five of the Graduate Attributes (employability related) will be through Students Taking Active Roles (STAR), which involves:
 - An introductory session;
 - Participation in a specified Students' Association or community volunteering role;
 - Selection of a STAR Award level bronze, silver or gold;
 - Two workshops on skills development and interview technique;
 - Maintaining an ePortfolio-based reflective diary; and
 - Undertaking an assessed competency-based interview to measure achievement of Aberdeen Graduate Attributes.
- Employer involvement throughout: development; delivery; assessment and evaluation.

Some lessons/advice



- Precision of remit
- Senior engagement
- Administrative support and budget
- Need for research
- Open and transparent process
- Representation and involvement
- Consultation and communication opportunity and take-up
- Adequate resources and incentives
- Long walks on the beach
- 'Vision without strategy is a daydream'