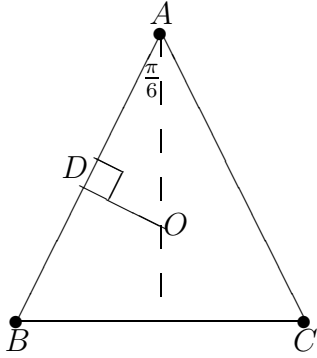


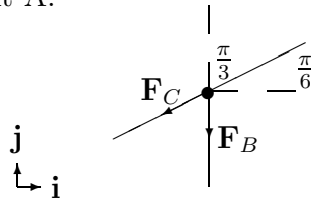
Question

Three particles of equal mass m are placed at the corners of an equilateral triangle of side length d . Find the total gravitational force on each mass.

Answer



At A:



$$\mathbf{F}_C = -F\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{F}_B = -F(\mathbf{i} \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + \mathbf{j} \sin \frac{\pi}{6})$$

$$\text{Total force on A: } \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_B + \mathbf{F}_C = -F\mathbf{j} - F\left(\mathbf{i}\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \mathbf{j}\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{F}{2}\sqrt{3}(\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{3}\mathbf{j})$$

$$\text{Magnitude of the force at A: } = \frac{F}{2}\sqrt{3} \times 2 = \sqrt{3}\frac{Gm^2}{d^2}$$

By symmetry the forces on each of the masses has the same magnitude.